

\*Please note that Online Safety is taught whenever possible. Teachers go over the online safety aspect for each unit...please look at the long term plan for more guidance. AT CPS, we teach and model how to use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private. \*All units allow children at CPS to recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.

### Computing

### Key stage 1

Pupils should be taught to:

- understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions
- create and debug simple programs
- use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs
- use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content
- recognise common uses of information technology beyond school
- use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.

### Key stage 2

Pupils should be taught to:

- design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts
- use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output
- use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs
- understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration
- use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content
- select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.
- use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.



### **Computing Intent**

At Cranbrook Primary School, our aim is to provide a high-quality, engaging and memorable computing education which equips all our pupils for future jobs (and those not thought of yet) in a high demand and niche sector. Our curriculum will teach and build on critical thinking skills based on coding and algorithms using different software and hardware. Computing is embedded across the curriculum within context to support and extend our pupil's knowledge and passion for the subject. Opportunities are created to collect data and gather research information within the topics taught. Through this they will gain a better understanding about the world around them and develop the concept of global citizenship through empathy and aspirations (widening horizons). Pupils will use various applications/programs to display and present their findings - supporting them to become more competent and confident communicators. They will learn how to safely engage with online content, discerning between reliable and unreliable sources. They will also understand what to do and who to talk to if they feel uncomfortable, or unsafe online.



	Computing in Nursery								
	All About Me/ that help us	Heroes Unit 19- We are community	Join our Joyful Journey	Lets grow together	Terrific Traditional Tales	Hunting Magical animals			
	Unit 1- We have confidence (recording using iPads)	members (data handling and creating a digital poster/book)	Unit 5- We can drive (photographs and props)	<u>Unit 7- We can exercise</u> (data handing)	<u>Unit 13- We are digital</u> <u>readers</u> (reading digital texts)	Unit 16- We can count (moving a programmable toy)			
Revised EYFS Framework	Personal, social and emotional development: self-confidence and self-awareness The children have the confidence to speak in	Understanding the world: people and communities. The children talk about past and	Physical development: moving and handling They negotiate space successfully	Physical development: health and self-care Children know that physical	Literacy: reading The children read and understand simple sentences.	Mathematics: number Children count reliably with numbers from one to 20,			
	a familiar group. – EYFS goal	present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.	when playing games with other children, adjusting speed or changing direction to avoid obstacles.	exercise makes an important contribution to keeping healthy.	They also read some common and irregular words.	place them in order and say which number is one more or one less than a given number.			
Skills	<ul> <li>To use a piece of hardware to make a short recording.</li> <li>Taking a risk, engaging in new experiences, and learning by trial and error.</li> <li>To use and explore cameras and microphones.</li> <li>To record the whole body of a person.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To use the keyboard to type in letters for writing.</li> <li>To practice keyboard skills via online games (see Useful links can be located from SOW)</li> <li>*To play touch typing games.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To take meaningful photos with a purpose.</li> <li>To enhance the surrounding of an area to make it more engaging.</li> <li>To create signs and symbols using various drawing softwarePaint?</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To record a set of simple data created by children within the classroom.</li> <li>*template provided by teacher.</li> <li>To use various hardware Computer/laptop. IWB countdown timer/iPad timer app.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To use and explore the chosen hardware.</li> <li>To use fine motor skills Early mouse/finger control activities</li> <li>To know how to open a folder and application.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To explore and play with a programmable toy, working out how to make it move.</li> <li>To use algorithms to make the toy move.</li> <li>To write simple algorithms (arrows) for a toy to follow.</li> </ul>			
Knowledge	<ul> <li>To understand how to record themselves speaking, to listen to the recording, reflect on how clear the recording is and re-record if necessary.</li> <li>To understand how technology is used beyond the school.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand how to record and gather infromation using a video software</li> <li>To think about what is relevant infromation for a chosen topic.</li> <li>To begin to understand how to play a game safely.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand how some software can be used to create symbols and signs.</li> <li>To understand how to take a picture.</li> <li>To think about photo frame and capturing a part of the body-torso and head</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand how to use/read a set of data</li> <li>To acknowledge the importance of recording data in a written way.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand how technology is used beyond the school.</li> <li>To undertsnad how a device can store and retreive a piece of document/data.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand how a piece of hardware needs power to switch on.</li> <li>To acknowledge that a button can be used to switch a device on, or off.</li> </ul>			
Vocabulary	Record/ sound/ record/ iPad/ hardware/ software/ algorithnm/ team work	Video/ record/ sound/ hardware/ software/ algorithnm	Signs/ symbols/ software/ pictures/ photo/ background/ surrounding/ props	Data/ dataset/ information/ primary data/ secondary data/ algorithm	Digital/ online safety/ hardware/ software/ upload/ download/ iPad/ laptop	Instructions, step-by-step			



### **Computing in Reception**

	<u>*</u>					
	MAGNIFICENT ME <u>Unit 9- We can listen</u> (communicate) <u>Unit 10- We can understand</u> <u>instructions</u> (following algorithms)	MAGNIFICENT ME <u>Unit 8: WE are healthy</u> (research and create digital healthy plate) <u>Unit 7- We can exercise</u> (data handling)	EARTH EXPLORERS Unit 12- We are talkers (Videoing and recording) Unit 19- We are community members (data handling and creating a digital poster/book)	EARTH EXPLORERS Unit 18- We are shape makers (create shapes using 2paint/ paint app)	AMAZING ANIMALS <u>Unit 1- We have</u> <u>confidence</u> (recording using iPads)	AMAZING ANIMALS <u>Unit 4- We have feelings</u> (photo and video presentation about feelings)
Revised EYFS Framework	Unit 9: Communication and language: listening and attention. The children listen attentively in a range of situations. They give their attention to what others say and respond appropriately while engaged in another activity Unit 10: Communication and language. The children follow instructions involving several ideas or actions. They answer 'how' and 'why' questions about their experiences	Unit 8: Physical development: health and self-care Children know the importance for good health of physical exercise and a healthy diet, and talk about ways to keep healthy and safe. Unit 7: Physical development: health and self-care Children know that physical exercise makes an important contribution to keeping healthy.	Unit 12- Communication and language: speaking The children use talk to organise, sequence and clarify thinking, ideas, feelings and events. They express themselves effectively, showing awareness of listeners' needs. Unit 19- The children talk about past and present events in their own lives and in the lives of family members. They know about similarities and differences between themselves and others, and among families, communities and traditions.	Mathematics: shape, space and measure. The children use everyday language to talk about size and position. They explore characteristics of everyday objects and shapes and use mathematical language to describe them.	Personal, social and emotional development: self-confidence and self-awareness The children have the confidence to speak in a familiar group. – EYFS goal	Personal social and emotional development: managing feelings and behaviour Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour.
Skills	<ul> <li>Unit 9: To use and explore a piece of hardware such as: Walkie talkies/ telephone/radio.</li> <li>Unit 9: To take a photo of the environment.</li> <li>Unit 9: To look at video clips and discuss what is a video clip.</li> <li>Unit 10: To use switches and buttons to control things, both in the setting and at home- cause and effect.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unit 8: To use different hardware such as: computers and laptops with headsets.</li> <li>Unit 8: To write words and labels on-screen</li> <li>Unit 7: To record a set of data created by children within the classroom.</li> <li>Unit 7: To use various hardware: Computer/laptop. IWB countdown timer/iPad timer app.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unit 12: To explore and use video camera app to develop confidence in recording video clips</li> <li>Unit 12: To watch recorded video clips on the computer.</li> <li>Unit 19: To use the keyboard to type in letters for writing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To use and explore different types of hardware- laptops.</li> <li>To use software such as painting apps or 2draw to create geometrical shapes to make animals, vehicles, monsters, etc.</li> <li>To use a mouse to draw a shape- improving fine motor skills.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To use a piece of hardware to make a short recording.</li> <li>Taking a risk, engaging in new experiences, and learning by trial and error.</li> <li>To use and explore cameras and microphones.</li> <li>To record the whole body of a person.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To use a camera independently and confidently.</li> <li>To create a video presentation about their feelings and emotions using a video app.</li> <li>To use an iPad (hardware) to make a short video presentation.</li> </ul>
Knowledge	<ul> <li>Unit 9: To understand how technology/ devices can be used to capture a moment.</li> <li>Unit 9: To understand and express why technology and photos are important.</li> <li>Unit 9 and 10: To recognise that computing can be used beyond the school.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unit 8: To understand that the internet can be used to gather information about a topic.</li> <li>Unit 7: To understand how to use a set of data and record it in a written way</li> <li>*To understand how personal information should be kept private.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Unit 12: To understand that devices can be used to store and download data/document.</li> <li>Unit 12: To understand the process of recording a video.</li> <li>Unit 19: To understand how to record and gather infromation using a video software</li> <li>Unit 19: To think about what is relevant infromation.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand that a software can be used to create different types of shapes.</li> <li>To recognise that computing can be used within other subjects.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand how to record themselves speaking, to listen to the recording, reflect on how clear the recording is and re-record if necessary.</li> <li>To understand how technology is used beyond the school.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand how to record themselves speaking, to listen to the recording, reflect on how clear the recording is and re- record if necessary.</li> <li>To understand how technology is used beyond the school.</li> </ul>
Vocabulary	Unit 9: photos/ iPad/ hardware/ app/ video clip/ recording Unit 10: instructions/ algorithms/ record/ software/ hardware/ team work/	Unit 8: laptop/ headset/ screen (monitor)/ hardware/ search engine/ internet Unit 7: Data/ dataset/ information/ primary data/ secondary data/ algorithm	Unit 12: digital images/ camera/ keyboard/ hardware/ software/ touch typing/ Unit 19: video clips/ store/ data/ download/ upload/ data	Paint/ 2draw/ shapes/ software/ hardware/ mouse/ touchscreen/ algorithm/ steps	Record/ sound/ record/ iPad/ hardware/ software/ algorithnm/ team work	video clips/ store/ data/ download/ upload/ data/ video presentation/



Year 1 Computing Milestone 1					
	1.1 We are Treasure Hunters Solving problems using programmable toys	<u>1.2 We are TV Chefs – video</u> Filming the steps of a recipe	<u><b>1.3 We are digital artists</b></u> Creating work inspired by great artists		
Skills	<ul> <li>To develop and record sequences of instructions as an algorithm.</li> <li>To program a robot to follow their algorithm.</li> <li>To use logical reasoning to predict how their programs will work and determine behaviour of simple programs.</li> <li>To <i>create</i> and debug simple programs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To break down a process into simple, clear steps (an algorithm)</li> <li>To use different features of a video camera.</li> <li>To use a video camera to capture moving images.</li> <li>To edit a video to include an audio commentary.</li> <li>To develop collaboration skills.</li> <li>To discuss their work and think about how it could be improved.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To select and set brushes and colours.</li> <li>To create artwork in a range of styles on iPads</li> <li>To use the undo function if they make mistakes, and to encourage experimentation.</li> <li>To use multiple layers in their art.</li> <li>To transform layers.</li> <li>To paint on top of photographs.</li> </ul>		
Knowledge	<ul> <li>To understand what <i>algorithms</i> are; how they are implemented as programs on <i>digital devices</i></li> <li>To understand that programs execute algorithms by <i>following precise and unambiguous instructions.</i></li> <li>To know that a programmable robot can be controlled by inputting <i>a sequence of instructions.</i></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand what algorithms are and how they can used in different aspects of <i>digital media</i>.</li> <li>To use technology purposefully to <i>create</i>, <i>organise</i>, <i>store</i>, <i>manipulate and retrieve digital content</i>.</li> <li>To recognise common uses of <i>information technology beyond school</i>.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To increase knowledge on using technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.</li> <li>To recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.</li> </ul>		
Software	<ul> <li>Blue-Bot app Alternatives:</li> <li>Programming interface for alternative toys</li> <li>Scratch Bee-Bot emulator</li> </ul>	Camera and <i>iMovie apps</i> on the iPad	2simple to draw or paint/ paint 3D		
Hardware	<i>Blue-Bot</i> (programmable toy) or you can use bee-bots	<i>iPads</i> , ideally with <i>tripods and clamps</i>	Laptop/computer		
Vocabulary	algorithm/ bug/ computer/ debug/ program/ robot	Abstraction/ algorithm/ audio/ decomposition/ edit/ frame/ narration/ storyboard/ video camera	Analogue/ bitmap/digital/ effect/ layer/ pixel/ stylus/ transform/ undo/ zoom		



Year 2 Computing Milestone 1							
	2.1 We are Astronauts Programming on screen using ScratchJr	2.2 We are Game Testers Working out the rules for games	2.4 We are Researchers Researching a topic				
Skills	<ul> <li>To plan a sequence of instructions to move sprites using <i>ScratchJr</i>.</li> <li>To <i>create, test and debug</i> programs for <i>sprites</i> using ScratchJr.</li> <li>To work with input and output using ScratchJr.</li> <li>To use repetition in their programs.</li> <li>To design costumes for sprites.</li> <li>To use logical reasoning to predict how their programs will work and determine behaviour of simple programs.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To observe and describe carefully what happens in computer games.</li> <li>To use logical reasoning to make predictions of what a program will do and test these predictions.</li> <li>To think critically about computer games and their use.</li> <li>To create sequences of instructions (algorithms) for a virtual robot.</li> <li>To solve (debug) a problem within a game.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To develop <i>collaboration skills</i> through working as part of a group.</li> <li>To develop <i>research skills</i> through searching for information on the Internet.</li> <li>To think through <i>privacy implications</i> of their use of <i>search engines.</i></li> <li>To be more <i>discerning in evaluating</i> online information.</li> <li>To improve <i>note-taking skills</i> through the use of <i>mind mapping.</i></li> <li>To develop presentation skills through presentation.</li> </ul>				
Knowledge	<ul> <li>To understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices.</li> <li>To understand that programs execute algorithms by following precise and unambiguous instructions.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices.</li> <li>To understand that programs execute algorithms by following precise and unambiguous instructions.</li> <li>To be aware of how to use <i>games safely</i> and in balance with other activities.</li> <li>To work out <i>strategies for playing a game well.</i></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To know how to use <i>technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content.</i></li> <li>To <i>recognise common uses of information technology beyond school.</i></li> <li>To understand how to use technology <i>safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns</i> about content or contact on the Internet or other online technologies.</li> </ul>				
Software	• ScratchJr *Use blue-bots to recap algorithms (memory task)	Main: • Scratch • FixTheFactory	<ul> <li>Popplet</li> <li>Google Slides</li> <li>Google custom</li> <li>Wikepedia</li> </ul>				
Hardware	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers/ ipad *Blue-bots for memory task	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers/ iPads	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers/ iPads				
Vocabulary	abstraction/ algorithm/ bug/ code/ debug/ event/ input/output/ program/repetition/ scratch/ sprite	Sprite / algorithm/ computational thinking/ input/ output/ patter recognition/ remix/ repletion/ scratch/ source code	Google/ google custom search/ mind map/ presentation. Search engine/ Wikipedia				



### Year 3 Computing Milestone 2

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	3.1 We are Programmers Programming an animation using Scatch	3.2 We are Bug Fixers Finding and correcting bugs	3.3 We are Presenters Videoing a presentation against a green screen
Skills	<ul> <li>To use <i>logical reasoning to detect and correct errors</i> in algorithms and programs.</li> <li>To plan and create an algorithm for an animated scene in the form of a</li> <li>Storyboard.</li> <li>To write a program using Scratch to create the animation, including characters, dialogue, costumes, backdrops and sound.</li> <li>To review their animation programs and correct bugs within their algorithm.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To review and debug given programs that accomplish specific goals using Scratch.</li> <li>To use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs.</li> <li>To work with variables and various forms of input and output.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To develop their web-based research skills.</li> <li>To structure, prepare and deliver a talk about a given topic or subtopic studied in another curriculum area.</li> <li>To record a piece to camera.</li> <li>To edit a movie using static images and green screen footage.</li> <li>To give constructive, critical feedback on recorded presentations</li> <li>To understand how to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting information</li> </ul>
Knowledge	<ul> <li>To understand how to design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals.</li> <li>To understand how to solve problems by <i>decomposing algorithm</i> into smaller parts.</li> <li>To develop knowledge on how to use <i>sequence in programs; working with variables and various forms of output.</i></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To increase knowledge and understanding of Scratch</li> <li>To recognise a <i>number of common</i> <i>types of bugs in software.</i></li> <li>To understand how to solve problems by <i>decomposing</i> <i>algorithm</i> into smaller parts.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To learn how to select, use and combine a variety of software <i>(including Internet services)</i> on a range of digital devices.</li> <li>To use technology <i>safely, respectfully and responsibly.</i></li> </ul>
Software	<ul> <li>Scratch</li> <li>*Use ScratchJr to recap algorithms (memory task)</li> </ul>	Scratch	Popplet     iMovie
Hardware	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers	iPad
Vocabulary	Abstraction/ algorithm/ bug/ debug/ code/ debug/ decomposition/ motion/ sound/ decomposition	Abstraction/ algorithm/ bug/ debug/ code/ debug/ decomposition/ input/ logical reasoning/ output/ parallel processing/program/ repetition/ scratch/ sequence/ sprite/ variable	Camera roll/ colour value/ creative commons/ green screen/ pixel/ resolution/ rushes/ search engine

# Cranbrook Primary School- Progression in Computing Year 4 Computing Milestone 2



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	<u>4.1 We are Software</u>	<u>4.6 We are Meteorologist</u>	4.4 We are <i>bloggers</i>
	developers Developing a simple	Presenting the weather	Sharing experiences and opinions
	educational game		
Skills	<ul> <li>To design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals.</li> <li>To use <i>sequence, selection, and repetition</i> in programs.</li> <li>To work with variables and various forms of input and output.</li> <li>To use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and debug errors in algorithms and programs.</li> <li>To develop an educational computer game using <i>selection and repetition</i>.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To use computer-based data logging to automate the recording of some weather data.</li> <li>To use spreadsheets to create charts.</li> <li>To analyse data, explore inconsistencies in data and make predictions.</li> <li>To practise using presentation and video software.</li> <li>To design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To create a sequence of <i>blog posts</i> on a theme.</li> <li>To add additional media to their post- images</li> <li>To <i>comment on the posts</i> of others.</li> <li>To develop a critical, reflective view of a range of media, including text.</li> <li>To design and create a range of content that accomplish given goals.</li> </ul>
Knowledge	<ul> <li>To begin to develop an understanding for the <i>use of variables.</i></li> <li>To recognise the importance of <i>user interface design,</i> including consideration of input and output.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand <i>different measurement techniques/equipment</i> for weather.</li> <li>Work with variables and various forms of input and output.</li> <li>To use search technologies effectively, appreciate <i>how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content</i>.</li> <li>To select, use and combine a variety of software (including <i>Internet services</i>) on a range of digital devices.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To become familiar with blogs as a medium and a genre of writing.</li> <li>To understand <i>computer networks</i> including the Internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.</li> <li>To understand the use of a variety of software <i>(including Internet services)</i> on a range of digital devices.</li> </ul>
Software	Scratch	<ul> <li>Google Sheets and Google Slides</li> <li>Microsoft Excel &amp; Microsoft PowerPoint</li> </ul>	J2bloggy
Hardware	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers/ data loggers	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers
Vocabulary	algorithm/ bug/ debug/ input/ output/ repeat loop/ repetition/ scratch/ sequence/ sprite/ variable/ script/ decomposition	Analogue/ data/ dataset/ digital/ field/ filter/ input/ interface/ record/ sensor/ table	Creative commons/ hyperlinks/ hypertext mark- up language (HTML)/ Web server/ uniform resource locator (URL)/ web server

# Cranbrook Primary School- Progression in Computing Year 5 Computing Milestone 3



5.1 We are Game Developers	5.2 We are Cryptographers	5.3 We are Architects
Developing an <i>interactive game</i>	Cracking codes	Creating a virtual space
<ul> <li>To create original artwork (sprites and backgrounds) and sound for a game</li> <li>To design and create a computer program for a computer game, which uses sequence, selection, repetition and variables</li> <li>To detect and correct errors in their computer game</li> <li>To use <i>iterative development techniques</i> (making and testing a series of small changes) to improve their game.</li> <li>To design, write and debug programs that</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To be familiar with semaphore and Morse Code.</li> <li>To understand the need for private information to be encrypted.</li> <li>To encrypt and decrypt messages in simple ciphers.</li> <li>To appreciate the need to use complex passwords and to keep them secure.</li> <li>To have some understanding of how encryption works on the Internet.</li> <li>To use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithm and</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To develop <i>familiarity with a simple CAD</i> (computer-aided design) tool.</li> <li>To develop spatial awareness by exploring.</li> <li>To create a 3-D virtual environment using a software</li> <li>To develop greater aesthetic awareness.</li> <li>To select, use and combine a variety of software (including Internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting information.</li> <li>To use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems and solving problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.</li> <li>To widen their knowledge about the use of variables and various forms of input and output.</li> <li>To increase their knowledge on how some simple algorithms work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand computer network including the Internet; how they ca provide multiple services, such as th World Wide Web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.</li> <li>To understand the work of <i>architects, designers and engineers working in 3-D</i>.</li> </ul>
Scratch	Scratch	SketchUp
Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers
Algorithm/ background/ bug/ code/ debug/ logical reasoning/ program/ scratch/ sprite/ script/ decomposition	Cipher/ codes/ cryptanalysis/ decrypt/ encode/ decode/ encrypt/ message/ Morse code/ semaphore/ transmit	Computer-aided design (CAD)/ creative commons/ photorealistic/ render
	<ul> <li>5.1 We are Game Developers Developing an <i>interactive game</i></li> <li>To create <i>original artwork (sprites and backgrounds)</i> and sound for a game</li> <li>To design and create a computer program for a computer game, which uses sequence, selection, repetition and variables</li> <li>To detect and correct errors in their computer game</li> <li>To use <i>iterative development techniques</i> (making and testing a series of small changes) to improve their game.</li> <li>To design, write and debug programs that</li> <li>accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems and solving problems by decomposing them into smaller parts.</li> <li>To widen their knowledge about the use of variables and various forms of input and output.</li> <li>To increase their knowledge on how some simple algorithms work.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>5.1 We are Game Developers Developing an interactive game</li> <li>To create original artwork (sprites and backgrounds) and sound for a game</li> <li>To design and create a computer program for a computer game, which uses sequence, selection, repetition and variables</li> <li>To detect and correct errors in their computer game</li> <li>To detect and correct errors in their computer game.</li> <li>To design, write and debug programs that</li> <li>To viden their knowledge about the use of variables and various forms of input and output.</li> <li>To widen their knowledge about the use of variables and various forms of input and output.</li> <li>To widen their knowledge on how some simple algorithms work.</li> <li>Scratch</li> <li>Scratch</li></ul>



	Year 6 Computing Milestone 3						
	6.2 We are computational thinkers Mastering algorithms for searching, sorting and maths	6.5 We are advertisers Creating a short television advert	6.1 We are toy makers Coding and physical computing				
Skills	<ul> <li>To use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.</li> <li>To design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals.</li> <li>To use sequence, selection and repetition in programs.</li> <li>To work with variables and various forms of input and output.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To create storyboard an effective advert for a cause/topic.</li> <li>To work collaboratively to shoot original footage and source additional content.</li> <li>To acknowledge intellectual property rights.</li> <li>To work collaboratively to edit the assembled content to make an effective advert.</li> <li>To select, use and combine a variety of software (including Internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To generate and evaluate designs in response to a brief</li> <li>To plan a complex project by decomposing it into smaller parts</li> <li>To work with physical components of a system to design and write a program for an embedded system</li> <li>To use criteria to provide others with feedback on their work.</li> <li>To use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs.</li> <li>To design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems.</li> <li>To use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs.</li> <li>To work with various forms of input and output.</li> </ul>				
Knowledge	<ul> <li>To understand how some key algorithms can be expressed as programs</li> <li>To understand that some algorithms are more efficient than others for the same problem.</li> <li>To understand common algorithms for searching and sorting a list.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content.</li> <li>To think critically about how video is used to promote a cause/topic.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>To understand how computers use stored programs to connect input to output</li> <li>To consolidate knowledge about how software works with hardware and vice versa.</li> </ul>				
Software	Google Maps • Scratch	iMovie or any recording and editing app	MakeCode				
Hardware Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers		iPAd or camera/ or tablet	Laptop/desktop/Chromebook/ Computers * Micro- bits- very important.				
Vocabulary	Abstraction/ algorithm/ binary search/ decomposition/ graph/ greedy algorithm/ linear search/ quicksort/ search/ search algorithm/ selection sort/ sort	Creative commons/ export/ final cut/ rough cut/ rushes/ storyboard	Accelerometer/ Bluetooth/ controller/ decomposition/ edge connector/ embedded system/ input/ output/ interactive/ light emitted diode (LED)/ makecode/ simulator/ system				



### Strengthen the schema with knowledge

Each threshold concept has its own facets of knowledge which help to strengthen the schema



## Definition of the Big Ideas (threshold Concepts):

### Code

This concept involves developing an understanding of *instructions, logic and sequences.* 

### Connect

This concept involves developing an understanding of how to *safely connect with others* using different gaming and social media platforms.

### Communicate

This concept involves using apps to *communicate one's ideas/opinions.* 

### Collect

This concept involves *developing an understanding of databases and their uses.* 



K	Knowledge categories explained:						
	Code		<u>Connect</u>		<u>Communicate</u>		Collect
•	Algorithms-	•	Safely connecting with	•	Ideas – a formulated	•	Database- A database is an <b>organised</b>
	Creating steps and		others- To connect with		th <mark>ought and/or</mark> opinion		collection of structured information, or
	rules		other using different	•	Apps (applications) –		data, typically stored electronically in a
•	Debug- Finding and		platforms using online		an <b>app</b> is a type of		computer system. A database is usually
	fixing errors		safety guidance.		software that allows you		controlled by a database management system
•	Decomposition-	٠	World Wide Web (WWW)-		to perform specific		(DBMS). Together, the data and the DBMS,
	Breaking the		The World Wide Web—		tasks. Applications for		along with the applications that are associated
	algorithm(s) into		commonly referred to		desktop or laptop		with them, are referred to as a database
	smaller parts		as <b>WWW</b> , <b>W3</b> , or <b>the</b>		computers are sometimes		system, often shortened to just database.
•	Sequence-		Web—is an interconnected		called desktop	•	Data- <b>structured set of numbers</b> , possibly
	Arranging for		system of public webpages		applications, while		representing digitised text, images, sound or
	algorithms and		accessible through		those for mobile devices		video, which can be processed or transmitted
	programs in a		the <u>Internet</u> . The Web is		are called <b>mobile apps</b> .		by a computer; also used for numerical
	particular order.		not the same as the	•	A social platform is a		(quantitative) information.
•	Logic- Predicting		Internet: the Web is one of		web-based technology	•	Upload- <b>To transfer</b> (something, such as data
	and analysing		many applications built on		that enables the		or files) from a computer or other digital device
	variable/outcomes		top of the Internet.		development,		to the memory of another device (such as a
	and codes	٠	Internet- The Internet (or		deployment and		larger or remote computer) especially via the
			internet) is the global		management of social		Internet.
			system of interconnected		media solutions and	•	Download- Downloading is the transmission of
			computer networks that		services. It provides the		a file or data from one computer to another
			uses the Internet protocol		ability to create social	1	over a network, usually from a larger <u>server</u> to
			suite (TCP/IP) to		media websites and		a user device. <i>Download</i> can refer to the
			communicate between		services with complete		general transfer of data or to transferring a
			networks and devices.		social media network		specific file.
					functionality.		

### Cranbrook Primary School- Progression in Computing Online Safety for each unit-



Year 1	We are Treasure Hunters Pupils learn to use simple programmable toys safely and sensibly, as well as showing respect for the work of their peers. Web access is supervised and safe practices are encouraged. Similarly, any filming is done with appropriate consent and assent.	We are TV Chefs – video Pupils learn how to use digital video cameras safely and to show respect to those they are filming, including recognising the need for consent and assent. The importance of not sharing videos more widely than is appropriate is considered, as is the need to exclude information that might identify individuals from video recordings. When using the web, pupils learn to turn off the screen (or turn over the tablet) and tell their teacher if they encounter material that concerns them. Pupils also start to learn about	We are digital artists Pupils learn that that filters should be in place when searching for images on the web. Internet access is supervised and safe practices are encouraged. Pupils learn that they own the intellectual property in their work and their parents' or carers' consent is needed to publish this. The school may address this through a letter securing parental consent on a number of matters. Pupils learn that they should provide positive, constructive feedback to one
		copyright, recognising that they own the copyright in their original work and that this cannot be published or copied without their permission.	another on their work, establishing from an early age the value of commenting positively on work in digital media.
Year 2	We are Astronauts Remind parents/carers about their responsibility to monitor their children's use of technology and advise them to set sensible limits on the amount of screen time they have.	We are Game Testers Although the games mentioned in this unit are appropriate for pupils in Year 2, there are concerns about the violent nature of some games. Choosing games wisely, including observing PEGI age restrictions and playing in moderation, are aspects of the safe and respectful use of technology that pupils learn about in this unit. The Scratch online community is generally a safe, well moderated space, but if pupils encounter content or comments which cause distress, make sure they know what to do: typically turn off the screen/ turn over the tablet over and let an adult know straight away. Content and comments on the Scratch site can be flagged as inappropriate to the moderators. This provides an opportunity to learn about where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact.	We are Researchers Pupils learn about Internet filters and Safe search, and how to stay safe while researching online. They are encouraged to think about whether the information they read online is reliable, and develop some strategies for being able to check. They show respect for others' ideas and intellectual property by using Creative Commons licensed images and crediting their sources.



Year 3	We are Programmers	We are Bug Fixers	We are Presenters
	Pupils need to consider copyright when sourcing	Pupils could consider the implications of bugs in	Pupils should know what to do if they
	images for their programs and uploading their own	software. Participating in the Scratch community	encounter inappropriate images or
	work to the Scratch community site. Searching for	would enable the pupils to help others with their	other content while searching online.
	content for programs or viewing others' cartoons	projects as well as allowing them to receive help. If	Pupils should respect the intellectual
	also offers an opportunity to develop safe search	pupils participate in the Scratch community, they need	property of others. Show them how
	habits. Exploring online animation galleries may	to think about what information they can share and	they can restrict their search to Creative
	expose pupils to inappropriate content. Talk about	how to participate positively in an online community,	Commons licensed content. In filming
	what to do if they see something inappropriate –	as well as obtaining parental permission. If pupils	one another, the pupils need to ensure
	turn their iPads over (or turn screens off/close laptop	upload screencasts of their solutions, make sure you	that the appropriate permission has
	lids) and tell a teacher/adult. If the pupils participate	take the usual precautions to protect their identity.	been obtained, and that they act
	in the Scratch community, they need to think about		respectfully and responsibly when
	what information they can share and		filming, editing and presenting their
	how to participate positively in an online		work. The pupils should think through
	community, as well as obtaining parental permission.		the implications of videos being made
			available on the school network or more
			widely via the Internet. They should
			discuss why schools and other
			organisations have strict policies over
			filming.

Year 4	We are Software developers Pupils need to consider copyright when sourcing images or media for their programs and/or uploading their own work to the Scratch community site. Searching for content for their programs or viewing others' games also offers an opportunity to develop safe search habits. If pupils participate in the Scratch community, they need to think about what information they can share and how to participate positively in an online community, as well as obtaining parental permission.	We are Meteorologist Pupils consider the importance of obtaining and using accurate data for any information-processing work. If pupils film one another, they need to ensure appropriate permission is obtained and that recordings are made, edited and shown in safe, respectful and responsible ways. Pupils should think carefully about the implications of uploading their films to the school network or to the web	We are bloggers Pupils write content for their own or a shared blog, thinking carefully about what can be appropriately shared online. They consider issues of copyright and digital footprint as well as what constitutes acceptable behaviour when commenting on others' blog posts. Pupils also think about the importance of creating high-quality, online content and become more discerning in evaluating content as they review others' blogs. If the pupils' blogs are publicly accessible, it is important that any comments are moderated by their teacher.
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Year 5	We are Game Developers Pupils need to consider copyright when sourcing images or media for their games and uploading their own work to the Scratch community site. Searching for content for their games or viewing others' games also offers an opportunity to develop safe search habits. If the pupils participate in the Scratch community, they need to think about what information they can share and how to participate positively in an online community, as well as obtaining parental permission. Pupils might also consider some personal implications of playing games, perhaps including violent, costly or addictive computer games.	We are Cryptographers Pupils learn how information can be communicated in secret over open channels, including the internet, using cryptography. They learn about the public key system used to sign and encrypt content on the web and how they can check the security certificates of encrypted websites. They learn about the importance of password security for online identity and consider what makes a secure password.	We are Architects Pupils should observe good practice when searching for and selecting digital content. If the pupils choose to locate their 3-D models geographically, they should avoid sharing private information. Pupils should think about copyright when adding content to their model or publishing images or videos of their model.
Year 6	We are computational thinkers Pupils learn about some common algorithms, recognising that more efficient solutions to the same problem can reduce the impact of computation on energy and other resources. They remix code on Scratch or Snap! websites, as permitted by Creative Commons licences for the code they work with, in much the same way as they might modify open source software. Pupils who wish to register for accounts on these sites need to observe the associated terms and conditions, which typically require parental consent.	We are toy makers Pupils need to think carefully about copyright in sourcing images and other media for their toy prototypes and presentations, or if uploading their own work to the Scratch community. If pupils do participate in the online Scratch community, they should think through how to do so in a safe and responsible manner, and should obtain consent from their parents or carers. If pupils link their programs to hardware, they need to take care to work safely with a range of tools and electronic equipment.	We are advertisers Pupils create short advertising videos. They learn the importance of observing school policy in relation to videoing, and the need to obtain consent. They think carefully about the implications of sharing content publicly on sites such as YouTube and consider how such publication would limit what they might include in their advert. They recognise the need to use video search platforms in restricted or education-specific modes and bring to mind what they should do if they encounter inappropriate content. They learn to respect the intellectual property rights of others, and the need to observe licence terms for any content they do not create themselves.