Purpose of study –Mathematics is a creative and highly interconnected discipline that has been developed over centuries, providing the solution to some of history's most intriguing problems. It is essential to everyday life, critical to science, technology and engineering, and necessary for financial literacy and most forms of employment. A high-quality mathematics education therefore provides a foundation for understanding the world, the ability to reason mathematically, an appreciation of the beauty and power of mathematics, and a sense of enjoyment and curiosity about the subject.

Aims

The national curriculum for mathematics aims to ensure that all pupils:

- become fluent in the fundamentals of mathematics, including through varied and frequent practice with increasingly
 complex problems over time, so that pupils develop conceptual understanding and the ability to recall and apply knowledge
 rapidly and accurately
- reason mathematically by following a line of enquiry, conjecturing relationships and generalisations, and developing an
 argument, justification or proof using mathematical language
- can solve problems by applying their mathematics to a variety of routine and non-routine problems with increasing sophistication, including breaking down problems into a series of simpler steps and persevering in seeking solutions

Mathematics is an interconnected subject in which pupils need to be able to move fluently between representations of mathematical ideas. The programmes of study are, by necessity, organised into apparently distinct domains, but pupils should make rich connections across mathematical ideas to develop fluency, mathematical reasoning and competence in solving increasingly sophisticated problems. They should also apply their mathematical knowledge to science and other subjects.

The expectation is that the majority of pupils will move through the programmes of study at broadly the same pace. However, decisions about when to progress should always be based on the security of pupils' understanding and their readiness to progress to the next stage. Pupils who grasp concepts rapidly should be challenged through being offered rich and sophisticated problems before any acceleration through new content. Those who are not sufficiently fluent with earlier material should consolidate their understanding, including through additional practice, before moving on.

Intent We want our children to become **confident and articulate** communicators by enriching their mathematical vocabulary. We aim to enrich our pupils learning with a deep and confident understanding in fluency and reasoning. We aspire for our children to appreciate the power of mathematics and build a life-long passion for maths by exploring their curiosity through memorable learning experiences. As the children progress we aim to build confidence, widen their horizons and attain a positive growth mind set. Through our enterprise scheme we will provide children with an opportunity to develop their global identity through working with the local community. We want them to know that mathematics is essential to succeed in life and necessary for financial responsibilities and most forms of employment. Addition and Subtraction 3 Area of N Rec 1 2 4 5 6 Study CARDINALIT Count up Count up Represent and Recall and use to 5 to 10 use number addition and objects bonds and objects subtraction facts NUMBER to 20 fluently, and (one (one at a related BONDS time) subtraction derive and use at a related facts up to time) facts within 20 100 Count out Count up to 10 out up to objects 5 objects from a from a larger larger group. group

Subitise a small group of 1-3 objects instantly without counting	Subitise a small group of up to 5 objects (for 5 they may see them as 4 and 1 or 3 and 2 but recognise there are 5 without counting				
Link numerals	Link numerals				
with amounts	to amounts				
up to 5.	up to 10.				
		Continue the pattern	Continue the pattern		
		10 + 8 = 18	90 = 100 - 10		
		11 + 7 = 18	80 = 100 - 20		

	Can you make up a similar pattern for the number 17? How would this pattern look if it included subtraction? Missing numbers 9 + 1 = 10 10 - 1 = 9 What number goes in the missing box?	Can you make up a similar pattern starting with the numbers 74, 26 and 100? Missing numbers 91 + = 100 100 - = = 89 What number goes in the missing box?				
Area of Study	1	2	3	4	5	6
MENTAL CALCULATI ON	Add and subtract one digit and two- digit numbers to 20, including zero	Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations, and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones	Add and subtract numbers mentally, including: a three-digit number and ones		Add and subtract numbers mentally with increasingly large numbers	Perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers

		a two-digit number and tens two two-digit numbers adding three one- digit numbers	a three-digit number and tens a three-digit number and hundreds			
REASONING	Working	True or false?	True or false?	True or false?	True or false?	True or false?
	backwards	Are these number	Are	Are	Are	Are these
	Through	sentences true or	these	these	these	number
	practical	false?	number	number	number	sentences
	games on	73 + 40 = 113	sentence	sentence	sentence	true or
	number tracks	98 - 18 = 70	s true or	true or	s true or	false?6.32 +
	and lines ask	46 + 77 = 123	false?59	false?	false?	= 8
	questions such	92 – 67 = 35	7 + 7 =	6.7 + 0.4	6.17 +	= 1.68
	as "Where	Give your reasons.	614 804	= 6.11	0.4 =	
	have you		- 70 =	8.1 - 0.9	6.57 8.12	Give your
	landed?" and	Hard and easy	744 768	= 7.2	- 0.9 =	reasons.
	"What	questions Which	+ 140 =	Give	8.3 Give	
	numbers	questions are	908 Give	your	your	
	would you	easy / hard?	your	reasons.	reasons.	Hard and easy
	need to throw	23 + 10 =	reasons.			questions
	to land on	93 + 10 =				Which
	other	54 + 9 =				

	given numbers?" What do you notice? 11 – 1 = 10 11 – 10 = 1 Can you make up some other number sentences like this involving 3 different numbers?	54 + 1 = Explain why you think the hard questions are hard? Other possibilities + = + = = 14 What single digit numbers could go in the boxes? How many different ways can you do this?	Hard and easy questions Which questions are easy / hard? 323 + 10 = 393 + 10 = 454 - 100 = 954 - 120 = Explain why you think the hard questions are hard?	Hard and easy questions Which questions are easy / hard? 13323 - 70 = 12893 + 300 = 19354 - 500 = 19954 + 100 = Explain why you think the hard questions are hard?	Hard and easy questions Which questions are easy / hard? 213323 - 70 = 512893 + 300 = 819354 - 500 = 319954 + 100 = Explain why you think the hard questions are hard?	questions are easy / hard? 213323 - 70 = 512893 + 37 = 8193.54 - 5.9 = Explain why you think the hard questions are hard?
Area of Study	1	2	3	4	5	6
MENTAL CALCULATI ON	Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs	Show that addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another cannot				Use their knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the

	(appears also in Written Methods)			four operations
REASONING	Fact families Which four number sentence s link these numbers ? 12, 15, 3 What else do you know? If you know this: 12 – 9 = 3 what other facts do you know? Missing symbols Write the missing symbols (+ - =) in number sentences 17 3 20 18 20 2	Fact families Which four number sentences link these numbers? 100, 67, 33 What else do you know? If you know this: 87 = 100 - 13 What other facts do you know? Missing symbols Write the missing symbols (+ - =) in these number sentences:		Missing symbols Write the missing signs $(+ - x \div)$ in this number sentence 6 123 = 61.9 11.9 What else do you know? If you know this: 86.7 + 13.3 = 100 what other facts do you know?

Area of Study	1	80 20 100 100 70 30 87 13 100 2	3	4	5	6
WRITTEN METHODS	Read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs (appears also in Mental Calculation)		Add and subtract numbers with up to three digits, using formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction	Add and subtract numbers with up to 4 digits using the formal written methods of columnar addition and subtraction where appropriate	Add and subtract whole numbers with more than 4 digits, including using formal written methods (columnar addition and subtraction)	
REASONING	Convince me In my head I have two odd numbers with a difference of 2. What	Convince me What digits could go in the boxes? 7 - 2 = 46	Convince me The total is 201	Convince me	Convince me + 1475 = 6 24	Convince me Three four- digit numbers total 12435. What could they be? Convince me

		could they be? Convince me Missing numbers Fill in the missing numbers (using a range of practical resources to support) 12 + = 19 20 - = 3	Try to find all of the possible answers. How do you know you have got them all? Convince me	Each missing digit is either a 9 or a 1. Write in the missing digits. Is there only one way of doing this or lots of ways? Convince me	that will go in the rectangular box? What is the smallest? Convince me	What numbers go in the boxes? What different answers are there? Convince me	
Area of Study		1	2	3	4	5	6
INVERSE OPERATION S, ESTIMATIN			Recognise and use the inverse relationship between addition	Estimate the answer to a calculation and use	Estimate and use inverse operations to check	Use rounding to check answers to calculations	Use estimation to check answers to calculations

G AND CHECKING ANSWERS		and subtraction and use this to check calculations and solve missing number problems	inverse operations to check answers	answers to a calculation	and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy	and determine, in the context of a problem, levels of accuracy
REASONING	Making an estimate Pick (from a selection of number sentences) the ones where the answer is 8 or 9. Is it true that? Is it true that 3+4 = 4 + 3?	Making an estimate Which of these number sentences have the answer that is between 50 and 60 74 - 13 55 + 17 87 - 34 Always, sometimes, never Is it always, sometimes or never true that if you add three numbers less than 10 the answer will be an odd number	Making an estimate Which of these number sentences have the answer that is between 50 and 60 174 - 119 333 – 276 932 - 871 Always, sometimes, never Is it always, sometimes or never true that if you subtract a	Making an estimate Which of these number sentences have the answer that is between 550 and 600 1174 - 611 3330 – 2779 9326 - 8777 Always, sometimes, never Is it always sometimes or never true that the difference between two	Making an estimate Which of these number sentences have the answer that is between 0.5 and 0.6 11.74 - 11.18 33.3 - 32.71 Always, sometimes, never Is it always, sometimes or never true that the sum of four even	Making an estimate Circle the number that is the best estimate to 932.6 - 931.05 1.3 1.5 1.7 1.9 Always, sometimes, never Is it always, sometimes or never true that the sum of two

					multiple of 10 from any number the ones digit of that number stays the same. Is it always, sometimes or never true that when you add two numbers together you will get an even number?	odd numbers is odd.	numbers is divisible by 4.	consecutive triangular numbers is a square number
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Area of Study	1	2	3	4	5	6
PROBLEM SOLVING	Solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representation s, and missing number problems such as 7 = 2 - 9	Solve problems with addition and subtraction: * using concrete objects and pictorial representation sincluding those involving numbers, quantities and measures * applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods	Solve problems, including missing number problems, using number facts, place value, and more complex addition and subtraction	Solve addition and subtraction two-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why	Solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why



				Solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change (copied from Measurement)	Vocabulary			Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
Areas	EYFS		Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6
Addition and subtraction		Add More Make Sum Total Altogethe r Double One more, two	Add Addition Sum Total Altogether How many more? How much more? Subtract Take away	Commutative Crossing the (tens) Boundary or bridging Exchange Regrouping	Addend Sum Minuend Subtrahend Difference Exchange	Inverse	Additive Estimation Approximate	See previous

more, more How many	Fewer Image: Constraint of the second seco
more make	? The same as
How many	Addend
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How much less is? Differenc e Between		